SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ON NON-IFRS MEASURES AND OTHER FINANCIAL MEASURES

SPECIFIC ITEMS

The Corporation incurs some specific items that adversely or positively affect its operating results. We believe it is useful for readers to be aware of these items as they provide additional information to measure performance, compare the Corporation's results between periods, and assess operating results and liquidity, notwithstanding these specific items. Management believes these specific items are not necessarily reflective of the Corporation's underlying business operations in measuring and comparing its performance and analyzing future trends. Our definition of specific items may differ from that of other corporations and some of these items may arise in the future and may reduce the Corporation's available cash.

They include, but are not limited to, charges for (reversals of) impairment of assets, restructuring gains or costs, loss on refinancing and repurchase of long-term debt, some deferred tax asset provisions or reversals, premiums paid on repurchase of long-term debt, gains or losses on the acquisition or sale of a business unit, gains or losses on the share of results of associates and joint ventures, unrealized gains or losses on derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting, unrealized gains or losses on interest rate swaps and option fair value revaluation, foreign exchange gains or losses on long-term debt and financial instruments, fair value revaluation gains or losses on investments, specific items of discontinued operations and other significant items of an unusual, non-cash or non-recurring nature.

RECONCILIATION AND USES OF NON-IFRS AND OTHER FINANCIAL MEASURES

To provide more information for evaluating the Corporation's performance, the financial information included in this analysis contains certain data that are not performance measures under IFRS ("non-IFRS measures"), which are also calculated on an adjusted basis to exclude specific items. We believe that providing certain key performance and capital measures, as well as non-IFRS measures, is useful to both Management and investors, as they provide additional information to measure the performance and financial position of the Corporation. This also increases the transparency and clarity of the financial information. The following non-IFRS measures and other financial measures are used in our financial disclosures:

Non-IFRS measures

- Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization or EBITDA (A): represents the operating income before depreciation and amortization excluding specific items. Used to assess recurring operating performance and the contribution of each segment on a comparable basis.
- · Adjusted net earnings: Used to assess the Corporation's consolidated financial performance on a comparable basis.
- Adjusted cash flow: Used to assess the Corporation's capacity to generate cash flows to meet financial obligations and/or discretionary items such as share repurchases, dividend increases and strategic investments.
- Free cash flow: Used to measure the excess cash the Corporation generates by subtracting capital expenditures (excluding strategic projects) from the EBITDA (A).
- Working capital: Used to assess the short-term liquidity of the Corporation.

Other financial measures

- Total debt: Used to calculate all the Corporation's debt, including long-term debt and bank loans. Often put in relation to equity to calculate the debt-to-equity ratio.
- Net debt: Used to calculate the Corporation's total debt less cash and cash equivalents. Often put in relation to EBITDA (A) to calculate net debt to EBITDA (A) ratio.

Non-IFRS ratios

- Net debt to EBITDA (A) ratio: Ratio used to assess the Corporation's ability to pay its debt and evaluate financial leverage.
- EBITDA (A) margin: Ratio used to assess operating performance and the contribution of each segment on a comparable basis calculated as a percentage of sales.
- Adjusted net earnings per common share: Ratio used to assess the Corporation's consolidated financial performance on a comparable basis.
- Net debt / Net debt + Shareholders' equity: Ratio used to evaluate the Corporation's financial leverage and thus the risk to Shareholders.
- Working capital as a percentage of sales: Ratio used to assess the Corporation's operating liquidity performance.
- Adjusted cash flow per common share: Ratio used to assess the Corporation's financial flexibility.
- Free cash flow ratio: Ratio used to measure the liquidity and efficiency of how much more cash the Corporation generates than it uses to run the business by subtracting capital expenditures (excluding strategic projects) from the EBITDA (A) calculated as a percentage of sales.

Non-IFRS and other financial measures are mainly derived from the consolidated financial statements, but do not have meanings prescribed by IFRS. These measures have limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered on their own or as a substitute for an analysis of our results as reported under IFRS. In addition, our definitions of non-IFRS and other financial measures may differ from those of other corporations. Any such modification or reformulation may be significant.

The chief operating decision-maker (CODM) assesses the performance of each reportable segment based on sales and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, adjusted to exclude specific items (EBITDA (A)). The CODM considers EBITDA (A) to be the best performance measure of the Corporation's activities.

EBITDA (A) by business segment is reconciled to IFRS measure, namely operating income (loss), and is presented in the following table:

	For the 3-month period ended September 30, 2023						
(in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)	Containerboard	Specialty Products	Tissue Papers	Corporate, Recovery and Recycling activities			
Operating income (loss)	61	13	38	(32)	80		
Depreciation and amortization	38	6	15	10	69		
Impairment charges	2	_	5	_	7		
Gain on acquisitions, disposals and others	_	1	_	—	1		
Restructuring costs	—	1	3	—	4		
EBITDA (A)	101	21	61	(22)	161		

For the 3-month period ended September 30, 2023

For the 3-month period ended September 30, 2022

	i of the 5-month period chaed opplember 30, 2					
(in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)	Containerboard	Specialty Products	Tissue Papers	Corporate, Recovery and Recycling activities	Consolidated	
Operating income (loss)	68	20	(31)	(32)	25	
Depreciation and amortization	31	5	21	10	67	
Impairment charges	2	—	14	—	16	
Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments	2	—	—	1	3	
EBITDA (A)	103	25	4	(21)	111	

For the 9-month period ended September 30, 2023

(in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)	Containerboard	Specialty Products	Tissue Papers	Corporate, Recovery and Recycling activities	Consolidated
Operating income (loss)	161	53	(36)	(114)	64
Depreciation and amortization	102	16	50	31	199
Impairment charges	61	1	99	_	161
Gain on acquisitions, disposals and others	_	1	(2)	_	(1)
Restructuring costs	_	1	10	_	11
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative financial instruments	(1)	_		3	2
EBITDA (A)	323	72	121	(80)	436

For the 9-month period ended September 30, 2022

Containerboard	Specialty Products	Tissue Papers	Corporate, Recovery and Recycling activities	Consolidated	
181	64	(89)	(103)	53	
88	14	57	31	190	
2	_	14	—	16	
_	(6)	(4)	—	(10)	
_	_	1	—	1	
11	—	—	(1)	10	
282	72	(21)	(73)	260	
	181 88 2 — — 11	Containerboard Specialty Products 181 64 88 14 2 — — (6) — — 11 —	Specialty Products Tissue Papers 181 64 (89) 88 14 57 2 — 14 — (6) (4) — 1 1 — — 1	Specialty Containerboard Specialty Products Tissue Papers Corporate. Recovery and Recycling activities 181 64 (89) (103) 88 14 57 31 2 — 14 — — (6) (4) — 11 — — (1)	

The following table reconciles net earnings (loss) and net earnings (loss) per common share, as reported, with adjusted net earnings and adjusted net earnings per common share:

	NET EARNINGS (LOSS)					NET EARNI PER COMM		
		onth periods eptember 30,		onth periods eptember 30,		onth periods eptember 30,		onth periods eptember 30,
(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per common share amounts and number of common shares) (unaudited)	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
As reported	34	(2)	(19)	(7)	\$0.34	(\$0.02)	(\$0.19)	(\$0.07)
Specific items:								
Impairment charges	7	16	161	16	\$0.05	\$0.12	\$1.21	\$0.12
Gain on acquisitions, disposals and others	1	-	(1)	(10)			(\$0.01)	(\$0.08)
Restructuring costs	4		11	1	\$0.03	_	\$0.08	\$0.01
Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments	-	3	2	10		\$0.02	\$0.01	\$0.07
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on long-term debt and financial instruments	2	10	(1)	12	\$0.02	\$0.08	_	\$0.10
Share of results of associates and joint ventures	-	-	(9)				(\$0.07)	_
Tax effect on specific items, other tax adjustments and attributable to non-controlling interests ¹	(3)	(7)	(40)	(7)	_	_	_	_
	11	22	123	22	\$0.10	\$0.22	\$1.22	\$0.22
Adjusted	45	20	104	15	\$0.44	\$0.20	\$1.03	\$0.15
Weighted average basic number of common shares outstanding						100,822,027	100,493,892	100,744,469

The following table reconciles cash flow from (used by) operating activities with EBITDA (A):

		e 3-month periods ded September 30,	For the 9-month periods ended September 30,		
(in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities	140	(1)	270	(52)	
Changes in non-cash working capital components	(31)	61	45	212	
Net income taxes paid	2	1	9	5	
Net financing expense paid	47	38	109	72	
Provisions for contingencies and charges and other liabilities, net of dividends received	3	12	3	23	
EBITDA (A)	161	111	436	260	

1 Specific amounts per common share are calculated on an after-tax basis and are net of the portion attributable to non-controlling interests. Per common share amounts in line item "Tax effect on specific items, other tax adjustments and attributable to non-controlling interests" only include the effect of tax adjustments. The following table reconciles cash flow from (used by) operating activities with cash flow from operating activities (excluding changes in non-cash working capital components) and adjusted cash flow from operating activities. It also reconciles adjusted cash flow from operating activities to adjusted cash flow generated (used), which is also calculated on a per common share basis:

		e 3-month periods led September 30,	For the 9-month periods ended September 30		
(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per common share amounts or as otherwise noted) (unaudited)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities	140	(1)	270	(52)	
Changes in non-cash working capital components	(31)	61	45	212	
Cash flow from operating activities (excluding changes in non-cash working capital components)	109	60	315	160	
Restructuring costs paid	6	2	12	9	
Adjusted cash flow from operating activities	115	62	327	169	
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(59)	(122)	(303)	(341)	
Change in intangible and other assets	-	_	(1)	(3)	
Lease obligation payments	(15)	(14)	(44)	(40)	
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	3	1	6	8	
	44	(73)	(15)	(207)	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(24)	(3)	(33)	(9)	
Dividends paid to the Corporation's Shareholders	(12)	(12)	(36)	(36)	
Adjusted cash flow generated (used)	8	(88)	(84)	(252)	
Adjusted cash flow generated (used) per common share (in Canadian dollars)	\$0.08	(\$0.87)	(\$0.84)	(\$2.50)	
Weighted average basic number of common shares outstanding	100,669,311	100,822,027	100,493,892	100,744,469	

The following table reconciles payments for property, plant and equipment, excluding strategic projects and free cash flow. It also provides these two metrics as a percentage of sales:

(in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)	September 30, 2023 (LTM) ³	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022 (LTM) ³
Sales ¹	4,635	4,466	4,359
EBITDA (A) ¹	552	376	322
Payments for property, plant and equipment ¹	463	501	436
Less: strategic projects included above ²	(303)	(335)	(263)
Payments for property, plant and equipment, excluding strategic projects	160	166	173
Free cash flow: EBITDA (A) less payments for property plant and equipment, excluding strategic projects	392	210	149
Free cash flow / Sales	8.5%	4.7%	3.4%
Payments for property, plant and equipment, excluding strategic projects / Sales	3.5%	3.7%	4.0%

The following table reconciles working capital as reported:

(in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Accounts receivable	550	556	510
Inventories	590	587	494
Trade and other payables	(628)	(746)	(707)
Working capital	512	397	297

1 Please refer to the "Historical Financial Information" section for a complete reconciliation.

2 Strategic projects include the investment for the Bear Island construction project.

3 LTM (last twelve months)

The following table reconciles total debt and net debt with the ratio of net debt to adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA (A)):

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except ratios) (unaudited)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Long-term debt	2,048	1,931	1,450
Current portion of long-term debt	66	134	74
Bank loans and advances	—	3	1
Total debt	2,114	2,068	1,525
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(26)	(102)	(174)
Net debt as reported	2,088	1,966	1,351
Last twelve months EBITDA (A)	552	376	389
Net debt / EBITDA (A) ratio	3.8x	5.2x	3.5x

SPECIFIC ITEMS

The Corporation incurred the following specific items in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022:

IMPAIRMENT CHARGES

2023

In the first nine months, the Containerboard Packaging segment recorded an impairment charge of \$2 million on spare parts (\$2 million in the third quarter) and \$59 million on some land (\$3 million), building (\$22 million) and equipment (\$34 million) of a CGU (cash generating unit) subsequent to the permanent closure of one paper machine in the USA. The decision was the result of the tightening market conditions, which makes the CGU less profitable. The recoverable amount of the assets in operation, totaling \$39 million, was determined using fair value less the cost of disposal based on the market approach of comparable assets on the market.

In the first quarter, the Specialty Products segment recorded an impairment charge of \$1 million on some equipment related to a closed plant in the USA. The recoverable amount was determined using fair value less the cost of disposal based on the market approach of comparable assets on the market.

In the first nine months, the Tissue Papers segment recorded an impairment charge of \$19 million on spare parts (\$5 million in the third quarter) and \$80 million on some buildings (\$19 million) and equipment (\$61 million), consequent to the strategic repositioning of its operating platform. The decision includes the permanent closure of three plants in the USA. The recoverable amount of \$130 million was determined using fair value less cost of disposal based on the market approach of comparable assets on the market.

2022

In the third quarter, the Containerboard Packaging segment recorded an impairment charge of \$2 million on some equipment as part of the continuing optimization initiatives of the platform in Ontario, Canada. The recoverable amount was based on its fair value less cost of disposal determined using the market approach of comparable assets on the market.

In the third quarter, the Tissue Papers segment recorded an impairment charge of \$4 million on spare parts and \$10 million on some property, plant and equipment related to the permanent closure of a plant in the USA. The recoverable amount was determined using the market approach of comparable assets on the market.

GAIN ON ACQUISITIONS, DISPOSALS AND OTHERS

2023

In the third quarter, the Specialty Products segment recorded a \$1 million loss on a contract of a closed plant in the USA.

In the first quarter, the Tissue Papers segment recorded a \$2 million gain from the sale of some machinery and equipment related to a previously closed plant in the USA.

2022

In the first quarter, the Specialty Products segment recorded a \$6 million gain from the sale of land and a building related to a closed plant in Canada.

In the second quarter, the Tissue Papers segment recorded a \$4 million gain from the settlement of a supply agreement.

RESTRUCTURING COSTS

2023

In the first nine months, the Specialty Products segment recorded costs totaling \$1 million (\$1 million in the third quarter) related to closed plants in the USA.

In the first nine months, the Tissue Papers segment recorded costs totaling \$10 million (\$3 million in the third quarter) related to closures and severances.

2022

In the first quarter, the Tissue Papers segment recorded additional costs totaling \$1 million related to asset relocation and severances.

UNREALIZED LOSS (GAIN) ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the first nine months of 2023, the Corporation recorded an unrealized loss of \$2 million (nil in the third quarter), compared to an unrealized loss of \$10 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$3 million in the third quarter), on certain derivative financial instruments not designated for hedge accounting. The Containerboard Packaging segment recorded an unrealized gain of \$1 million in the first nine months of 2023 (nil in the third quarter) and an unrealized loss of \$11 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$11 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$12 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$11 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$2 million in the third quarter), from a steam contract embedded derivatives related to our Niagara Falls containerboard complex. Corporate activities recorded an unrealized loss of \$3 million in the first nine months of 2023 (nil in the third quarter) and an unrealized gain of \$1 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$3 million in the first nine months of 2023 (nil in the third quarter) and an unrealized gain of \$1 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$3 million in the first nine months of 2023 (nil in the third quarter) and an unrealized gain of \$1 million in the same period of 2022 (unrealized loss of \$1 million in the third quarter) due to the financial hedging contracts for natural gas purchases.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOSS (GAIN) ON LONG-TERM DEBT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the first nine months of 2023, the Corporation recorded a gain of \$1 million (loss of \$2 million in the third quarter) on its US\$ denominated debt and related financial instruments, compared to a loss of \$12 million in the same period of 2022 (loss of \$10 million in the third quarter). The foreign exchange loss (gain) on long-term debt and financial instruments is composed of foreign exchange forward contracts not designated for hedge accounting.

SHARE OF RESULTS OF ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

2023

In the first quarter, the Tissue Papers segment recorded a gain in the consolidated statement of earnings in the line item "Share of results of associates and joint ventures" of \$9 million from the sale of an investment in a non-significant joint venture.